

# **COURSE OUTLINE**

Course Code: HW-HCIA-DATC





DURATION	LEVEL	DELIVERY	TECHNOLOGY	
10 Day(s)Associate	Associate	VILT/In Class	Huawei	

# **Course Overview**

This new 10-day course covers the following content: Routing and switching principles, basic WLAN principles, basic knowledge of network security, basic knowledge of network management and O&M, and basic knowledge of SDN and programming automation. The aim of this course is to train and certify engineers with the skills commonly used in the Datacom field.

# **Prerequisites**

Before attending this course, delegates must:

- Be familiar with PC operations.
- Basic understanding of IT technologies and network knowledge

# **Target Audience**

- Who wants to become Data Communication Engineers
- Who wants to obtain the HCIA-Datacom Certification.

# **Course Objectives**

After completing the training, you will be able to:

- Understand the definition of data communication and the capability model of data communication engineers.
- Understand the network reference model and the entire data communication process.
- Be familiar with the VRP system and be able to perform basic operations.
- Understand IPv4 address protocol and related concepts.

- Understand the forwarding principles of Layer 3 devices such as routers and Layer 3 switches.
- Understand the concept of routing and use static route or OSPF to build a Layer 3 network.
- · Understand basic Ethernet concepts and describe the functions and working principles of Layer 2 switching devices.
- Be familiar with common Ethernet protocols, such as VLAN, Spanning Tree Protocol, link aggregation and stacking.
- Configure ACLs and AAA to provide basic security solutions for the network.
- Be familiar with the NAT protocol and master the NAT configuration in different scenarios.
- Master the configuration of common services on enterprise networks, such as DHCP, FTP and Telnet.
- Understand basic WLAN concepts and complete basic configurations of small or medium-sized WLAN networks.
- Understand basic WAN concepts and WAN solutions such as MPLS and SR.
- Have general knowledge of basic concepts of enterprise network management.
- · Be familiar with traditional network management and SDN-based network management solutions.
- Have a good command of IPv6 protocols and be able to build small-scale IPv6 networks.
- Have a good command of the campus network construction process. Be able to independently construct small-sized campus networks.
- Understand the basic concepts of SDN and programming automation and master the basics of Python.

# **Course Content**

### Module 1: Data Communication and Network Basics 1.1 Data Communication Network Basics

- Basic Concepts of Data Communication
- Data Transfer Process
- Network Devices and Basic Functions
- Network Type and Topology Type
- · Network Engineering
- · Network Engineers

### 1.2 Network Reference Model

- What is Data and Data Transfer
- Common Standard Protocols
- Layered Model Concept
- Application Layer and Related Protocols
- Transport Layer and Related Protocols
- Network Layer and Related Protocols
- Data link Layer and Related Protocols
- Physical Layer and Related Protocols
- Data Transfer, Encapsulation and Decapsulation



#### 1.3 Huawei VRP Basics

- Common Network Devices
- VRP Basics
- CLI Command Views
- Basic Commands and Function Keys of the CLI

### Module 2: Constructing an Interconnected IP Network 2.1 Network Layer Protocol and IP Addressing

- Network Layer Protocol
- Concept, Classification, and Special IP Addresses of IPv4
- IP Network and IP Subnet Calculation
- IP Network Address Planning

#### 2.2 IP Routing Basics

- Basic Working Principles of Routers
- Routing Table Concepts
- Routing and Forwarding Features
- Static Route Configuration

#### 2.3 OSPF Basics

- · Basic Features of OSPF
- OSPF Application Scenarios
- Working Principle of OSPF
- · Basic OSPF configurations

## Module 3: Constructing an Ethernet Switching Network 3.1 Ethernet Switching Basics

- Basic Concepts of Ethernet
- Concept of MAC Address
- Working Process and Principles of Layer 2 Switches
- Composition and Formation of a MAC Address Table

# 3.2 VLAN Principles and Configuration

- Background of VLAN
- Basic Concepts and Principles of VLAN
- VLAN Data Communication Process on a Layer 2 Network
- Basic VLAN Configuration



### 3.3 Spanning Tree Protocol

- Background of STP
- Basic Concepts and Working Principles of STP
- · Basic Concepts of RSTP and Improvements Compared with STP
- Basic STP Configuration
- Other Layer 2 Loop Elimination Technologies

#### 3.4 Ethernet Link Aggregation and Switch Stacking

- Basic Concepts of Link Aggregation
- Working Principles of Manual Link Aggregation
- Working Principles and Features of Link Aggregation in LACP Mode
- Basic Concepts of iStack and CSS

### 3.5 Implements Communication Between VLANs.

- Working Principles of Sub-interfaces
- Working Mechanism of Layer 3 Switches
- Sub-interface Configuration
- VLANIF Configuration

## Module: Network Security and Network Access Basics 4.1 ACL Principles and Configuration

- Basic Principles and Functions of ACLs
- Basic Structure and Matching Order of ACL Rules
- Usage of Wildcard mask
- · Basic ACL Configuration

# 4.2 AAA Principles and Configuration

- Basic Principles and Application Scenarios of AAA
- Basic Configuration of the Local AAA

#### 4.3 NAT Basics

- Background of NAT
- NAT Classification and Technical Principles
- NAT Configuration in Different Scenarios

### Module 5: Network Services and Applications 5.1 Network Services and Applications

- Principles of TFTP, FTP, DHCP, and HTTP
- Configuration of FTP and DHCP



#### Module 6: WLAN Basics 6.1 WLAN Overview

- Basic Concepts of WLAN and History of 802.11 Protocol suite
- WLAN devices
- WLAN Networking Mode
- WLAN Working Process
- Basic WLAN Configuration

### Module 7: WAN Basics 7.1 WAN Technology Basics

- Basic WAN Concepts
- Common WAN Technologies
- Working Principles of PPP and PoE
- Configuring PPP and PoE
- Basic Concepts of MPLS/SR

#### Module 8: Network Management and O&M 8.1 Network Management and O&M

- Basic Concepts of the NMS and O&M
- Common NMS and O&M Methods and Tools
- Working Principle of SNMP
- SDN-based NMS and O&M Solution

#### Module 9: IPv6 Basics 9.1 IPv6 Basics

- Comparison Between IPv6 and IPv4
- Basic Concepts of IPv6
- Format and Principle of the IPv6 Packet Header
- IPv6 Address Format and Address Type
- IPv6 Address Configuration Method and Procedure
- Static and Dynamic IPv6 Address Configuration
- IPv6 Static Route Configuration

# Module 10: SDN and Automation Basics 10.1 SDN and NFV Basics

- Basic SDN Concepts
- Huawei SDN Products and Solutions Basic NFV Concepts
- Huawei NFV Products and Solutions

#### 10.2 Network Programming and Automation

- Traditional Network O&M Status Analysis
- Implementation of Network Automation
- Programming Language
- Python Coding Specifications
- Implement Basic Automatic O&M Using Python telnetlib.

### Module 11: Typical Campus Network Architectures and Practices 11.1 Typical Networking Architecture and Cases

- Campus Network Architecture
- Campus Network Lifecycle
- Campus Network Construction Cases
- Campus Network Construction Practice



# **Exams and Certifications**

### **HCIA-Datacom**

Exam Code: H12-811

Exam Type: Written examination

Exam Format: Single-answer Question, Multiple-answer Question, True or false, Short Response Item, Drag and Drop Item

Time: 90min

Passing Score/Total Score: 600/1000

## **Notes and Annotations**

Passing the HCIA-Datacom V1.0 certification will indicate that you are capable of planning, design, deployment, O&M, and optimization of small- and medium-sized campus networks

### What is Next:

#### Choose from:

- HCIP-Datacom-Advanced Routing & Switching Technology
- HCIP-Datacom-Network Automation Developer
- HCIP-Datacom-SD-WAN Planning and Deployment
- HCIP-Datacom-Enterprise Network Solution Design
- HCIP-Datacom-WAN Planning and Deployment
- HCIP-Datacom-Carrier IP Bearer
- HCIP-Datacom-Carrier Cloud Bearer
- HCIP-Datacom-Campus Network Planning and Deployment
- HCIP-Data Center Network